



**Office of Children
and Family Services**

SUPERVISION AND TREATMENT SERVICES TO JUVENILES (STSJP) OVERVIEW

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GENERAL OVERVIEW

General Overview

- STSJP was created to incentivize the use of local programs to divert youth from detention or residential care.
- A municipality that elects to use STSJP funds for programs that prevent the detention and placement of youth must:
 - designate a lead agency for the purposes of planning and administering services under STSJP
 - engage in a collaborative effort to support the successful planning and administration of STSJP-funded programs (Executive Law § 529-b)
 - submit an STSJP Annual Plan for Office of Children and Family Services' (OCFS) review and approval, as prescribed in Executive Law § 529-b

General Overview

- After STSJP Annual Plan approval is granted, municipalities may receive up to 62% state reimbursement of the cost of the approved services and expenditures, up to the municipality's allocation cap.
- The STSJP program year runs from October 1 through September 30.

General Overview

- Each STSJP funded program is required to report data to OCFS biannually.
- Pursuant to Executive Law § 529-b(5), by July 1 of each year, OCFS must report on the implementation and progress of STSJP to the governor, the speaker of the assembly, the temporary president of the senate, the minority leader of the assembly and the minority leader of the senate.

ELIGIBLE POPULATION

Eligible Population

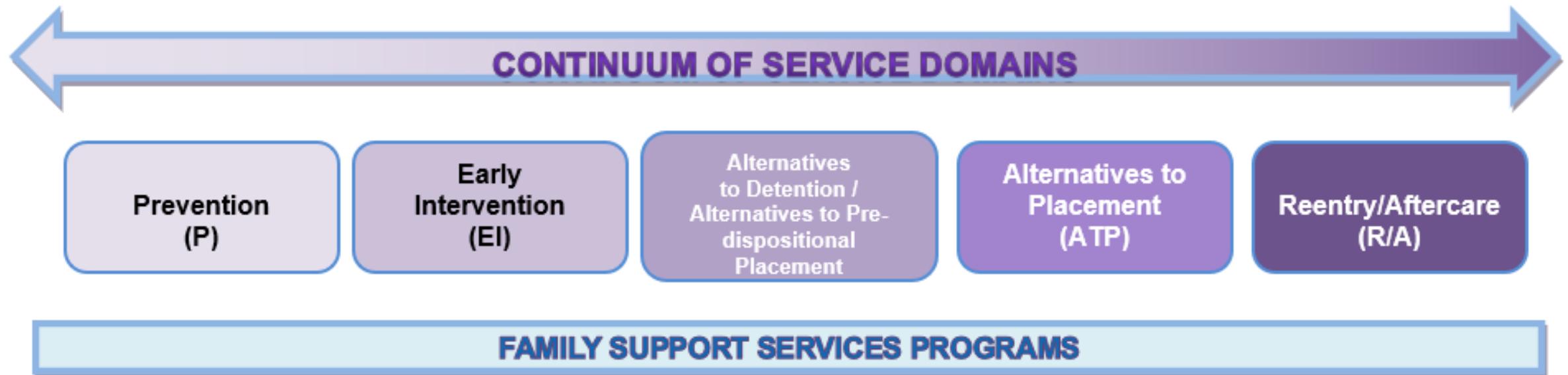
- Youth at risk of becoming, alleged to be or adjudicated as Persons In Need of Supervision (PINS)
- Youth at risk of becoming, alleged to be or adjudicated as Juvenile Delinquents (JDs), both non-RTA JDs and RTA JDs
- Youth who are alleged to be or convicted as Juvenile Offenders (JOs), Adolescent Offenders (AOs) or adjudicated as Youthful Offenders (YOs)

STSJP PROGRAMMING

STSJP Programming

- A youth's level of system involvement will determine their programming needs along the continuum of care.
- Service domains align with key decision points in the youth justice system, making STSJP an outcome-based approach to serving youth and families.
- Family Support Services (FSS) is not an additional domain on the youth justice continuum but a specific comprehensive set of legislatively outlined services
- Indirect services (IS) are not on the continuum of service domains as they do not provide ongoing services to youth; however, they do support the ultimate goals of STSJP. Examples: Incentives for youth, transportation vouchers for families and youth, and youth justice coordination at the local level.

Continuum of Service Domains



Continuum of Service Domains

Prevention (P)

Prevention programs that serve youth with no juvenile justice involvement but who exhibit behaviors that place them at risk for juvenile justice contact. These programs could also serve children under 12 years of age who do not fall under the definition of a juvenile delinquent (JD) as of December 29, 2022, and whose behavior would otherwise bring them within the jurisdiction of the family court under Article 3 of the Family Court Act (FCA).

Examples: Boys and Girls Club, YMCA/YWCA, and mentoring or other positive youth development activities.

Early Intervention (EI)

Early intervention programs serve youth who have had some contact with the juvenile justice system. A youth who is on JD adjustment, PINS Diversion, or Voluntary Assessment and Case Planning Services (VACPS) would be a good candidate for this service type. These programs utilize prosocial activities in a targeted strategy to engage youth at risk of becoming, or alleged to be, a JD or PINS, or an alleged adolescent offender (AO) or juvenile offender (JO) engaged in VACPS who has not been referred for detention, to prevent further involvement in the juvenile justice system.

Examples: youth courts for alleged JD youth, respite services, restorative justice programs, and mediation.

Continuum of Service Domains

Alternatives to Detention (ATD)/Alternatives to Pre-Dispositional Placement (ATPDP)

Alternatives to detention and alternatives to pre-dispositional programs that are intended to reduce the reliance on non-secure, secure, or specialized secure detention for youth alleged to be JDs, JOs, and AOs, or on pre-dispositional placement for youth alleged to be a PINS. ATD/ATPDP programs help ensure that youth return to court and remain crime-free until the disposition of their case. The program service period is limited to the court case processing time frames.

Examples: specialized community supervision, calling services to remind youth to return to court, and electronic monitoring programs.

Alternatives to Placement (ATP)

Alternatives to placement programs that serve adjudicated youth who would otherwise be placed out of home if not for programs that can maintain youth safely in the community. ATP programs can be used for youth adjudicated as PINS, JDs and YOs, or convicted as JOs or AOs. These programs target and address known criminogenic risk factors and identified needs.

Examples: evidence-based cognitive behavioral interventions, prosocial activities that target youth with leisure time/peer-group concerns, navigators/credible messengers/mentors, and substance abuse supports.

Continuum of Service Domains

Reentry/Aftercare (R/A)

Reentry and aftercare programs support youth's reentry and reintegration into the community once released from residential placement and include programs that reduce length of stay in residential placement.

Examples: vocational or educational support programs, prosocial activities for positive leisure time/building alternative choices, mentors/credible messengers/navigators, and housing supports.

Indirect Services (IS)

These programs are not on the continuum of service domains as they do not provide ongoing services to youth; however, they do support the ultimate goals of STSJP.

Examples: incentives for youth, transportation vouchers for families and youth, youth justice coordination at the local level, and contractual assessments.

Additionally, STSJP funding can support expenditures of differential response programs established in conjunction with the lower age of juvenile delinquency being raised for children under 12 years of age.

FUNDING

Various Local Funding Sources

- Supervision and Treatment Services for Juveniles Program (STSJP)
- Child Welfare Prevention Services (PS)
- Youth Development Program (YDP)
- Youth Team Sports (YTS) Funding
- Youth Sports and Education Opportunity Funding (YSEF)
- Safe Harbour: NY
- Runaway and Homeless Youth (RHY) Funding

STSJP Funding

- The 2025-2026 STSJP statewide allocation to municipalities is \$10,876,000.
- This includes an additional \$3M from PY 24-25 to support new interventions or additional capacity for youth
 - who have multiple detention admissions or arrests in a 12-month period,
 - who have engaged in violent behaviors,
 - who have been involved in vehicle related crimes, and/or
 - who leave home without permission, including youth who have been trafficked or are at risk of gang recruitment.

STSJP Funding

- After OCFS approves a municipality's STSJP plan, the municipality may receive up to 62% state reimbursement of the cost of the approved STSJP services and expenditures, up to the municipality's allocation cap.
- Local detention allocations may be shifted to STSJP at any time in the program year to enhance a municipality's STSJP programming. Any detention funding shifted to STSJP may be reimbursed at the 62% state reimbursement rate for eligible STSJP expenditures.

STSJP-RTA Funding

- The RTA legislation provides eligible municipalities with access to 100% state reimbursement for RTA-related expenditures if they meet certain criteria.
- For municipalities to receive RTA-related reimbursements:
 - the expenditures must be included in the locality's comprehensive **RTA Plan and**
 - be approved by OCFS, the Division of Criminal Justice Services (DCJS) and the New York State Division of Budget (DOB).

STSJP-RTA Funding

- STSJ-RTA is used to distinguish services funded under RTA from current or typical STSJ funds.
- STSJ-RTA-funded programs will not be claimed against a county's STSJ allocation.
- The STSJ-RTA programs and associated funding, in both the RTA Plan and the STSJ Annual Plan, must be identical.

Please note that if the STSJ and RTA plans are not aligned, OCFS will not be able to approve the STSJ-RTA services in the STSJ plan.

INTERSECTIONALITY OF COLLABORATIVE PLANNING

Required Collaborative Planning

- Supervision and Treatment Services for Juveniles Program (STSJP)
- Persons in Need of Supervision (PINS) Diversion Services Plan
- Raise the Lower Age (RTLA) Differential Response Plan
- Runaway and Homeless Youth (RHY) Plan
- Youth and Young Adult Supports Plan
- Safe Harbour: NY Plan

Why Engage In Collaborative Planning With Diverse Partners

- Legislative requirements (state and federal)
- Accountability for state and federal funding
- To address the needs and rights of youth involved in various systems
- To support families impacted by systems
- To better address the needs and challenges in your communities
- To access funding to sustain a continuum of services, supports and opportunities

What Is Gained From Collaborative Planning

- A stronger network of support for youth and families
- Streamlined communication between partners
- Maximized use of funds allocated to the county
- Increased community capacity and high alignment of positive youth and family outcomes
- Creative problem solving by having different perspectives in the planning process

Including Families, Youth and Community in Planning

- They are the experts in how experiences are impacting them.
- They can inform the planning process to develop strategies that will be most beneficial to solving issues in the community.
- Services and supports offered should be family and youth-driven.
- It decreases the chance of funding a program that won't have an impact.

STSJP ANNUAL PLAN

STSJP Annual Plan

The Annual Plan must detail how supervision and treatment services will be provided. Municipalities need to:

- rely on data to support the development of a continuum of services and degrees of supervision that would best meet the needs of the youth locally at risk of entering, or involved in, their Juvenile Justice System
- consider programs that will reduce racial, economic and/or gender disparities where they exist
- submit the STSJP Annual Plan to OCFS for approval via JDAS

STSJP Annual Plan

Municipalities also need to engage partners in the development of the plan including:

- local departments responsible for probation, law enforcement, detention, diversion, and social services
- courts
- service providers, schools and youth development programs
- youth, families and community members in high need areas

What is JDAS?

Juvenile detention automation system

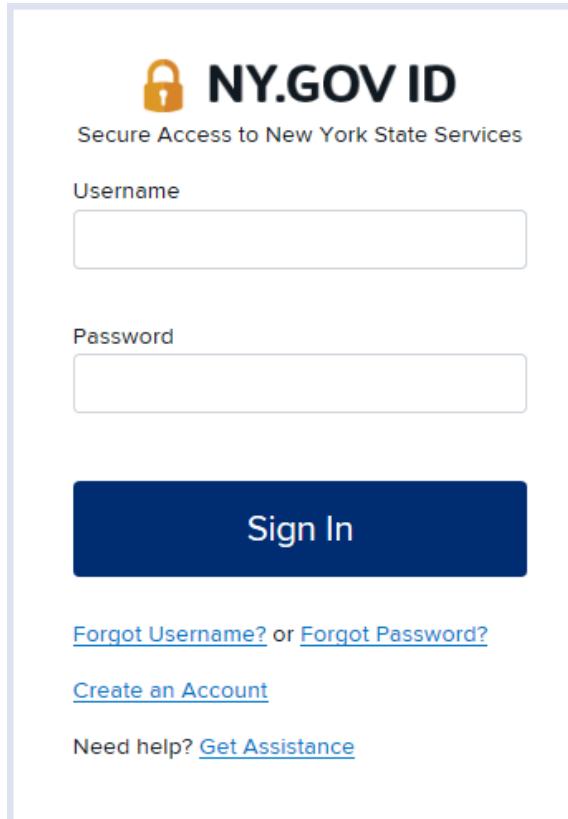
- Primarily used to manage detention-related activities statewide
- Current home for STSJP and STSJP-RTA financial claims
- Secure with authorized access only and varying levels of permissions

Why use JDAS for STSJP?

- More secure than email for sharing identifiable data
- Existing user access due to STSJP/STSJP-RTA claiming
- To request JDAS Access, email the STSJP mailbox

STSJP Annual Plan and Data Submissions

- Log into JDAS
 - Go to
<https://my.ny.gov>
 - Sign in



The image shows the NY.GOV ID login interface. It features a logo with a padlock icon and the text 'NY.GOV ID' above a subtext 'Secure Access to New York State Services'. Below this are fields for 'Username' and 'Password', each with a corresponding input box. A large blue 'Sign In' button is at the bottom. At the very bottom, there are links for 'Forgot Username?' and 'Forgot Password?' followed by 'Create an Account' and 'Need help? Get Assistance'.

► From your list of applications, select OCFS JDAS



JDAS accounts unused for 6 months become inactive.
Please log in a few times during the year to avoid having to reactivate your account.

REQUIRED DATA SUBMISSIONS

Required STSJP Data Submissions

Semiannual Data Collection Periods (on or before)

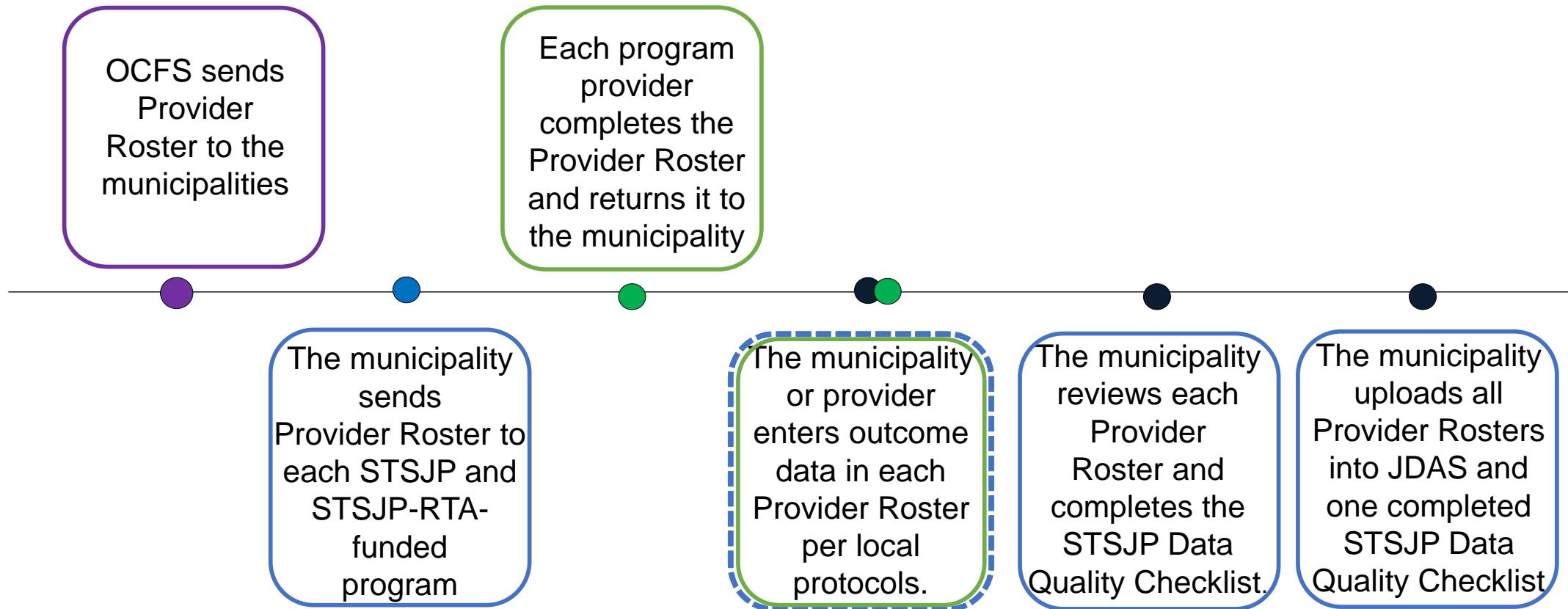
1st data collection period: **Oct 1 - March 31** (due May 1)

2nd data collection period: **Oct 1- Sept 30, The entire program year**
(due November 1)

Programs will need to know what service domain(s) under both STSJP and STSJP-RTA their program is targeting per the OCFS-approved STSJP Annual Plan.

STSJP data submission occurs via the Juvenile Detention Automation System (JDAS).

Process to Record and Submit STSJP Data



Collecting Data

Provider Roster

- STSJ and STSJ-RTA in one file
- Data entry for all domains on one tab
- One Excel file per program listed on STSJ Plan
 - Track youth in same file all year (2 data submissions still required)

Enrollment / Discharge			Program Details (check STSJ Plan)					
ID#	Youth's Start Date	Youth's End Date	Approved Funding	Approved Service Domain	Youth's Case Type	Youth's Zip Code	Age at Enrollment	Sex at Birth
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								

Checking Data

STSJP Data Quality Checklist – Page 1

- Municipality to QC each provider roster before submitting files
 - Alignment between program's entry on STSJP Plan and the data
 - No missing or incorrect entries to OCFS

Supervision and Treatment Services for Juveniles Program (STSJP) Data Quality Checklist

Directions: STSJP Data Submission Leads, please use the following checklist to facilitate an assessment of data accuracy for each of your municipality's Provider Rosters. Use the logic provided after each item to correct any errors - this may involve following up with the provider. Complete the table on page 2 and submit this document to the New York State Office of Children and Family Services (OCFS) with your municipality's Provider Rosters.

- (1) **New Provider Rosters are released at the start of every program year (Oct 1), which overlaps with the prior year's period 2 submission window (Oct 1 to Nov 1). Does the program year displayed inside the Roster match the program year for which you are submitting data?**
 Yes → **If yes:** If the submission is for period 2, please ensure the data are being added into any accepted files from the period 1 submission.
 No → **If no:** Obtain the correct file from the OCFS STSJP [website](#) or email stsjp@ocfs.ny.gov and ask for the version you need.
- (2) **Are any fields under the variables "Youth's Start Date" and/or "Youth's End Date" highlighted yellow?** Yes No
→ **If yes:** It is likely that an incorrect year was entered in the date(s), the date(s) fall outside of the acceptable range of entries, or the date was typed incorrectly and is not in the mm-dd-yyyy format. Follow up with the provider as needed to verify dates and adjust accordingly.
- (3) **Do the program and agency names in the Roster match the program and agency names listed in the STSJP Annual Plan?** Yes No
→ **If no:** Please revise in the Roster so these fields align for easy and accurate reference.
- (4) **Does the Family Support Services (FSS) Program response in the Roster match the response approved for that program in the STSJP Annual Plan?** Yes No
→ **If no:** Please correct the Roster response. FSS programs can only serve youth at risk of becoming, alleged to be, or adjudicated as Persons in Need of Supervision; or, as of December 29, 2022, children under 12 years of age who do not meet the definition of a Juvenile Delinquent and whose behavior, but for their age, would otherwise bring them within the jurisdiction of the family court under Article 3 of the Family Court Act.
- (5) **Do the STSJP funded service domains and STSJP-RTA (raise the age) funded service domains designated in the Roster align with the funded domains approved/pending approval for that program in the STSJP Annual Plan?** Yes No
→ **If no:** Follow up with the provider for more information. If the entry was made in error, correct the response in the Roster. If the youth was served at the reported domain, the STSJP Plan will need to be amended to include the domain; otherwise, remove the youth from the Roster.
- (6) **Are any fields under the variables "Approved Funding" and/or "Youth's Case Type" highlighted yellow?** Yes No
→ **If yes:** A highlighted field means the entry is not valid. Use the *Youth Decision Grid* (in file) to identify appropriate service combinations.
- (7) **Do gray outcome fields contain data?** Yes No
→ **If yes:** If the youth has not been discharged, remove contents from grayed-out fields. If the youth has been discharged, use the *Outcome Reporting Grid* (in file) to verify the correct outcomes have been reported, then remove content that is not required. Provider roster summary tables and OCFS monitoring reports reflect only domain-specific outcomes for discharged youth.
- (8) **"Youth's End Date" should be blank if the youth is still receiving services. Are there other blank fields?** Yes No
→ **If yes:** Please follow up with the provider as needed and enter a response. If the response is unknown, select *Unknown* or *Info Not Collected* where applicable; otherwise, note the response in column BB.

Checking Data

- **STSJP Data Quality Checklist – Page 2**
- Municipality to complete table and submit with data files
 - Note programs with no data here

Supervision and Treatment Services for Juveniles Program (STSJP) Data Quality Checklist

Once revisions are complete, save a copy of the clean Excel Roster file. In the copy, remove youth names (don't forget to also remove youth names from the notes section). The de-identified Roster is now ready for submission to OCFS via the Juvenile Detention Automation System (JDAS). In the table below, enter each program that appears on the STSJP Annual Plan. If no data have been recorded during the program year, select N/A under "QC Complete & Errors Fixed." Briefly explain under "Notes" why the program has no data. If no data have been recorded for the program year, you are not required to submit a Roster for that program. If the program reported data for period 1 but had no new data to report for period 2, you should resubmit the data file that was revised and accepted for period 1 and note below that no new youth were served in the program for period 2.

Municipality:	Reviewer Name:	Reporting Period:	Notes
	Program Name	QC Complete & Errors Fixed	
1		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
2		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
3		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
4		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
5		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
6		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
7		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
8		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
9		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
10		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
11		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
12		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
13		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
14		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	

Annual and STSJP Monitoring Reports



Office of Children
and Family Services

KATHY HOCHUL
Governor

DAMIA HARRIS-MADDEN, Ed.D., MBA, M.S.
Commissioner

Annual Report on the Supervision and Treatment Services for Juveniles Program Program Year 2023-2024

Pursuant to Executive Law § 529-b (5)

Supervision and Treatment Services for Juveniles Program Monitoring Report

Reporting Period: 10-01-2024 to 03-31-2025
Data Source: STSJP Provider Roster

Table 1. Youth Served by Case Type² and Domain

STSJP Funded Programs ¹ New York State	Service Domain ³										Total Served ⁴		
	Prevention		Early Intervention		ATD		ATPDP		ATP		Rereentry/ Aftercare		
#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Total Served	972	24%	1,189	30%	766	19%	26	1%	1,037	26%	12	0%	4,002 100%
Person in Need of Supervision	777	80%	652	55%			26	100%	36	31%	0	0%	1,491 37%
Juvenile Delinquent	195	20%	534	45%	671	88%			994	96%	12	100%	2,406 60%
Non-Raise the Age	104	11%	464	39%	584	76%			920	89%	10	83%	2,082 52%
Raise the Age	91	9%	70	6%	87	11%			74	7%	2	17%	324 8%
Juvenile Offender					2	0%	30	4%			4	0%	0 0%
Adolescent Offender					1	0%	65	8%			3	0%	0 0%
													69 2%

Table 2. Demographics of Youth Served by Domain

STSJP Funded Programs ¹ New York State	Service Domain ³										Total Served ⁴			
	Prevention		Early Intervention		ATD		ATPDP		ATP		Rereentry/ Aftercare			
#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	
Total Served	972	24%	1,189	30%	766	19%	26	1%	1,037	26%	12	0%	4,002 100%	
Sex at Birth	499	51%	768	69%	634	83%	9	35%	805	78%	9	75%	2,724 68%	
Male	499	51%	768	69%	634	83%	9	35%	805	78%	9	75%	2,724 68%	
Female	421	43%	421	35%	131	17%	17	65%	230	22%	3	25%	1,223 31%	
X	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0 0%	
Unknown	52	5%	0	0%	1	0%	0	0%	2	0%	0	0%	55 1%	
Gender Identity	518	53%	738	62%	629	82%	9	35%	758	73%	9	75%	2,661 66%	
Male	387	40%	413	35%	128	17%	17	65%	220	21%	3	25%	1,168 29%	
Female	6	1%	1	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	0%	0	0%	8 0%	
Transgender	3	0%	4	0%	1	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	8 0%	
Gender Nonconforming	1	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1 0%	
Other/Something Else	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0 0%	
X	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0 0%	
Unknown	57	6%	33	3%	8	1%	0	0%	58	6%	0	0%	156 4%	
Sexual Orientation	11	1%	40	3%	1	0%	0	0%	14	1%	1	8%	67 2%	
Bisexual	11	1%	11	1%	3	0%	0	0%	8	1%	0	0%	33 1%	
Gay/Lesbian	551	57%	852	72%	636	83%	23	88%	849	82%	8	67%	2,919 73%	
Straight/Heterosexual	1	0%	11	1%	2	0%	0	0%	3	0%	0	0%	17 0%	
Other/Something Else	398	41%	275	23%	124	16%	3	12%	163	16%	3	25%	966 24%	
Race and Ethnicity⁵	176	18%	233	20%	198	26%	3	12%	266	26%	0	0%	876 22%	
Hispanic	356	37%	396	33%	422	55%	15	58%	511	49%	7	58%	1,707 43%	
Black	357	37%	502	42%	116	15%	5	19%	215	21%	4	33%	1,199 30%	
White	2	0%	13	1%	18	2%	0	0%	10	1%	0	0%	43 1%	
Asian/Pacific Islander	2	0%	0	0%	2	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	8%	5 0%	
Native American/Alaskan	17	2%	32	3%	6	1%	3	12%	24	2%	0	0%	82 2%	
Other	62	6%	13	1%	4	1%	0	0%	11	1%	0	0%	90 2%	
Age at Enrollment	13 years and younger	508	52%	296	25%	86	11%	5	19%	106	10%	2	17%	1,004 25%
14 years	177	18%	290	24%	177	23%	4	15%	185	18%	1	8%	834 21%	
15 years	103	11%	367	31%	239	31%	9	35%	264	25%	3	25%	985 25%	
16 years	99	10%	162	14%	105	14%	3	12%	194	19%	3	25%	566 14%	
17 years	84	9%	74	6%	130	17%	5	19%	206	20%	2	17%	501 13%	
18-21 years	0	0%	0	0%	29	4%	0	0%	82	8%	1	8%	112 3%	
	Average Age⁶	13.1		14.3		15.1		14.9		15.4		15.4		14.5

Table 3. Youth Discharged and Their Average Length of Service by Domain

STSJP Funded Programs ¹ New York State	Service Domain ³										Total Discharged		
	Prevention		Early Intervention		ATD		ATPDP		ATP		Rereentry/ Aftercare		
#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Total Discharged	405	42%	715	60%	487	64%	18	69%	561	54%	5	42%	2,191 55%
Average Length of Service (days)⁸	100.8		108.1		66.8		157.4		122.6		91.8		101.6

CLAIMING

STSJP and STSJP-RTA Claiming

- Municipalities (New York City and counties) are eligible to receive 62% state reimbursement of eligible STSJP program expenditures.
- Localities need to isolate STSJP-RTA-related expenses included in the municipality's DOB approved RTA plan, as the RTA legislation provides eligible municipalities with access to 100% state reimbursement for RTA-related expenditures, including STSJP-RTA if they meet certain criteria.

STSJP and STSJ-RTA Claiming

- Municipalities have up to one year after the quarter in which expenditures were incurred to claim STSJ and STSJ-RTA funds for PY 24-25 and **6 months after the quarter in which the expenditures were incurred starting in PY 25-26.**
- All STSJ and STSJ-RTA claiming is completed in JDAS.
- Once a JDAS account has been established, the agency can create and submit STSJ and STSJ-RTA claims via the [JDAS portal](#).

STSJP and STSJP-RTA Claiming

- A guide to assist with the claiming process can also be located under the Help Tab on the JDAS Main Screen.
- If a municipality needs to request access to JDAS for STSJP and STSJP-RTA claiming purposes, a request should be sent to the STSJP mailbox: stsjp@ocfs.ny.gov.

CONCLUSION AND RESOURCES

Successful Local Collaborative Planning

- Intentionally collaborate with diverse partners
- Have the youth and family a central piece of planning
- Engage with formal system partners and local community partners
- Utilize data to inform decision making processes
- Use a positive youth development lens focusing on identifying community assets
- Take an intersectional approach to planning

Resources

- STSJP website: <https://ocfs.ny.gov/programs/youth/stsjp/>
- STSJP mailbox: stsjp@ocfs.ny.gov
- Municipality detention data: <https://ocfs.ny.gov/reports/detention/>
- Municipality placement data:
<https://ocfs.ny.gov/programs/youth/stsjp/planning.php>
- Recording STSJP program data:
<https://www.ocfs.ny.gov/programs/youth/stsjp/recording.php>
- Youth justice data available on the New York State Division of Criminal Justice Services website at
<https://www.criminaljustice.ny.gov/crimnet/ojsa/stats.htm>

QUESTIONS AND DISCUSSION



**Office of Children
and Family Services**